First Hit

End of Result Set

L21: Entry 2 of 2

File: DWPI

Dec 10, 1993

DERWENT-ACC-NO: 1994-018761

DERWENT-WEEK: 199403

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TITLE: Car count system for car park - finds presence of car by comparing number of

pixels in output image of television camera with preset value NoAbstract

PATENT-ASSIGNEE: NEC CORP (NIDE)

PRIORITY-DATA: 1991JP-0312866 (November 28, 1991)

Clear Search ALL Search Selected

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PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN

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(71)Applicant:

NEC CORP

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28.11.1991

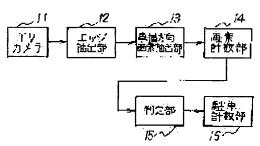
(72)Inventor:

TSUCHIYA MITSUO

(54) DEVICE FOR COUNTING THE NUMBER OF PARKED CARS

(57) Abstract:

PURPOSE: To surely judge the presence/absence of automobiles parked in a parking area without being affected by weather or the like. CONSTITUTION: An edge extraction part 12 generates an edge image by performing edge extraction processing to a judge area previously set in the respective parking areas of parking lot images photographed by a TV camera 11. An automobile breadthwise direction picture element extraction part 13 generates automobile breadthwise direction edge images by extracting picture elements in the automobile breadthwise direction based on the edge images. A picture element count part 14 counts the number of edge picture elements in the automobile breadthwise direction in each judge area. When the number of edge picture elements in the automobile breadthwise direction exceeds the number of edge picture elements of a judge reference, a judge part 15 judges the presence of automobiles in the parking area. A parked automobile count part 16 counts the number of automobiles parked in the parking lot.



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[Date of registration]

[Number of appeal against examiner's decision of rejection]

[Date of requesting appeal against examiner's decision of rejection]

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CLAIMS

[Claim(s)]

[Claim 1] A number counter of parking characterized by providing the following. A TV camera which photos a parking lot A means to perform an edge extract to each judgment field beforehand set up in each parking field of a parking lot image which this TV camera photoed, and to generate an edge image A means to extract an edge pixel of the cross direction of each of said parking field based on said edge image, and to generate a cross direction edge image A means to compare a means which carries out counting of the number of edge pixels of said cross direction for said every judgment field with the number of edge pixels of said cross direction and to judge existence of an automobile in said each parking field

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[Detailed Description of the Invention]

[Industrial Application] Especially this invention relates to the number counter of counting parking of the number of parking based on the image of the parking lot photoed with the TV camera about the number counter of parking.

[0002]

[Description of the Prior Art] TV camera 21 with which the conventional number counter of parking photos a parking lot as shown in drawing 3, The judgment field brightness test section 22 which measures the average of the brightness of each pixel of the judgment field beforehand set up in the parking field surrounded with the white line based on the parking lot image which the TV camera photoed, counting which carries out counting of the parking number of a parking lot to the judgment section 24 which measures the criteria field brightness test section 23 which measures the average of the brightness of each pixel of the criteria field beforehand set up outside the parking field, and the brightness of a judgment field and the brightness of a criteria field, and judges the existence of the automobile in each parking field -- it has the section 25.

[Problem(s) to be Solved by the Invention] In the conventional number counter of parking mentioned above, the brightness of a judgment field and the brightness of a criteria field were measured based on the parking lot image which the TV camera photoed, and the existence of the automobile in each parking field is judged by measuring this brightness. However, since brightness is changed sharply, it is easy to produce a mistake by the weather, the color of an automobile, etc. at the time of the existence judging of an automobile, and there is a trouble that an error occurs in the number of parking. [0004] The purpose of this invention is to offer the number counter of parking which can ensure the existence judging of an automobile, without being influenced of the weather etc. [0005]

[Means for Solving the Problem] A means for a number counter of parking of this invention to perform an edge extract to each judgment field beforehand set up in each parking field of a parking lot image which a TV camera which photos a parking lot, and this TV camera photoed, and to generate an edge image, A means to extract an edge pixel of the cross direction of each of said parking field based on said edge image, and to generate a cross direction edge image, It has a means to compare a means which carries out counting of the number of edge pixels of said cross direction for said every judgment field with the number of edge pixels of said cross direction and the number of criteria set up beforehand, and to judge existence of an automobile in said each parking field, and is constituted.

Example] Next, this invention is explained with reference to a drawing.

[0007] TV camera 11 which drawing 1 is the block diagram showing one example of this invention, and photos a parking lot, As opposed to the judgment field beforehand set up in each parking field of the parking lot image which the TV camera photoed The edge extract section 12 which performs edge extract processing and generates an edge image, The cross direction pixel extract section 13 which extracts the pixel of the cross direction based on an edge image, and generates a cross direction edge image, the pixel which carries out counting of the number of edge pixels of the cross direction for every judgment field -- counting -- parking which carries out counting of the parking number of a parking lot to the judgment section 15 which compares the section 14 with the number of edge pixels of the cross direction and the number of criteria set up beforehand, and judges the existence of the automobile in each parking field -- counting -- it has the section 16. [0008] Here, the edge extract section 12 computes the differential value of the brightness of the adjoining pixel to the parking lot image which the TV camera photoed, and extracts an edge. Such edge extract processing is well-known. [0009] Now, drawing 2 (a) shows an example of the parking lot image which TV camera 11 photoed, and drawing 2 (b) shows an example of the cross direction edge image which the cross direction pixel extract section 13 outputs. by the way, the edge pixel of the cross direction of the automobile parked when an automobile parks a car at a parking field extracted from the parking lot image since anterior part or a posterior part was photoed at least -- using it -- the existence judging of an automobile -- it can do. Furthermore, since it can avoid that unnecessary images, such as dirt and a crack, are extracted as an edge by avoiding dirt, a crack, etc. in a parking field when setting up a judgment field, judgment precision can be improved. [0010] Thus, counting of the number of parking can be carried out correctly, without being influenced of the weather etc. by judging with the automobile having parked a car in a parking field, when the pixel of the cross direction is extracted based on an edge image, counting of the number of edge pixels of the cross direction is carried out for every judgment field and the number of edge pixels of this cross direction exceeds the number of criteria.

[Effect of the Invention] Perform edge extract processing to the judgment field which was beforehand set up in each parking field of the parking lot image which the TV camera photoed according to this invention as explained above, and an edge image is generated. By extracting the edge pixel of the cross direction based on this edge image, carrying out counting of the number of edge pixels of the cross direction for every judgment field, and judging the existence of the automobile in each parking field with the number of edge pixels of this cross direction Like before, since it does not judge with the brightness of

an image, the judgment mistake by weather change, the color of an automobile, etc. decreases, and it has the effect that counting of the number of parking can be carried out correctly.

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DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[Brief Description of the Drawings]
[Drawing 1] It is the block diagram showing one example of this invention.
[Drawing 2] It is an example of the image for explaining actuation of this example, and (a) shows an example of the parking lot image which the TV camera photoed, and (b) shows an example of the edge image of the cross direction.

[Drawing 3] It is the block diagram showing an example of the conventional number counter of parking.

Description of Notations

11 TV Camera

12 Edge Extract Section

13 Cross Direction Pixel Extract Section

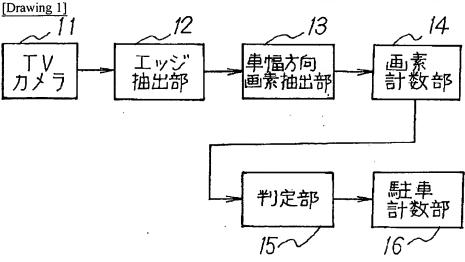
14 Pixel -- Counting -- Section

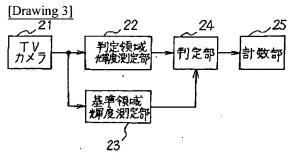
15 Judgment Section

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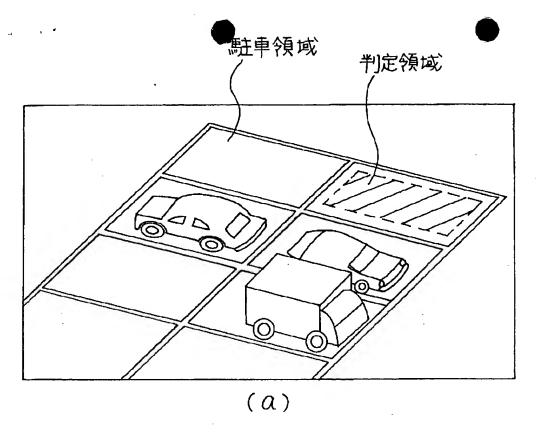
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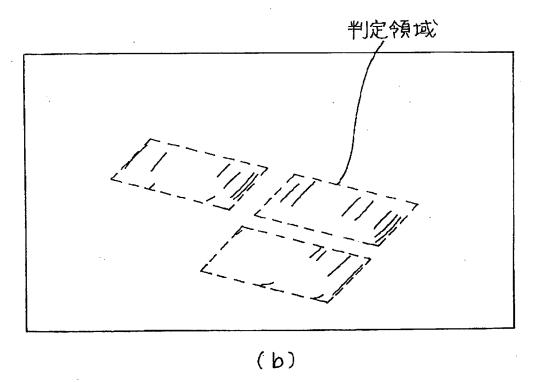
DRAWINGS





[Drawing 2]





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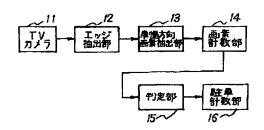
(43)公開日 平成5年(1993)12月10日

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			6843-2F	N			7/00	G 0 6 M	
			92875L		0	3 8	15/62	GOBF	
			9071-51.	Н	0	3 9	15/70		
			8837-5L	F	0	460			
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000004237)出題人			68	3128	頭平3一	3 1	21)出願番号	
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(54)【発明の名称】 駐車台数計数装置

(57)【要約】

【目的】天候等の影響を受けることなく駐車領域内に駐車している自動車の有無を確実に判定できようにする。 【構成】エッジ抽出部12は、TVカメラ11が撮影した駐車場画像の各駐車領域内に予め設定した判定領域に対して、エッジ抽出処理を行ってエッジ画像を生成する。車幅方向画素抽出部13は、エッジ画像を生成する。車幅方向画素を抽出して車幅方向エッジ画像を生成する。画素計数部14は、各判定領域毎に車幅方向のエッジ画素数を計数する。判定部15は、車幅方向のエッジ画素数が判定基準数を超える場合に駐車領域内に自動車有と判定する。計数部16は、駐車場の駐車台数を計数する。



【特許請求の範囲】

駐車場を撮影するTVカメラと、このT 【請求項1】 Vカメラが撮影した駐車場画像の各駐車領域内に予め設 定した各判定領域に対してエッジ抽出を行ってエッジ画 像を生成する手段と、前記エッジ画像を基に前記各駐車 領域の車幅方向のエッジ画素を抽出して車幅方向エッジ 画像を生成する手段と、前記各判定領域毎に前記車幅方 向のエッジ画素の数を計数する手段と、前記車幅方向の エッジ画素数と予め設定した基準数とを比較して前記各 駐車領域内の自動車の有無を判定する手段とを備えるこ とを特徴とする駐車台数計数装置。

【発明の詳細な説明】

[0001]

【産業上の利用分野】本発明は駐車台数計数装置に関 し、特にTVカメラで撮影した駐車場の画像を基に駐車 台数を計数する駐車台数計数装置に関する。

[0002]

【従来の技術】従来の駐車台数計数装置は、図3に示す ように、駐車場を撮影するTVカメラ21と、TVカメ ラが撮影した駐車場画像を基に、白線で囲まれた駐車領 域内に予め設定した判定領域の各画素の輝度の平均値を 測定する判定領域輝度測定部22と、駐車領域外に予め 設定した基準領域の各画素の輝度の平均値を測定する基 準領域輝度測定部23と、判定領域の輝度と基準領域の 輝度とを比較して各駐車領域内の自動車の有無を判定す る判定部24と、駐車場の駐車台数を計数する計数部2 5とを備えている。

[0003]

【発明が解決しようとする課題】上述した従来の駐車台 数計数装置では、TVカメラが撮影した駐車場画像を基 に判定領域の輝度および基準領域の輝度を測定し、この 輝度を比較することによって各駐車領域内の自動車の有 無を判定している。しかし、天候や自動車の色等によっ て輝度は大きく変動するため、自動車の有無判定時にミ スが生じ易く、駐車台数に誤差が発生するという問題点 がある。

【0004】本発明の目的は、天候等の影響を受けるこ となく自動車の有無判定を確実に行うことができる駐車 台数計数装置を提供することにある。

[0005]

【課題を解決するための手段】本発明の駐車台数計数装 置は、駐車場を撮影するTVカメラと、このTVカメラ が撮影した駐車場画像の各駐車領域内に予め設定した各 判定領域に対してエッジ抽出を行ってエッジ画像を生成 する手段と、前記エッジ画像を基に前記各駐車領域の車 幅方向のエッジ画索を抽出して車幅方向エッジ画像を生 成する手段と、前記各判定領域毎に前記車幅方向のエッ ジ画素の数を計数する手段と、前記車幅方向のエッジ画 素数と予め設定した基準数とを比較して前記各駐車領域 内の自動車の有無を判定する手段とを備えて構成されて

いる。

05

[0006]

【実施例】次に本発明について図面を参照して説明す る。

【0007】図1は本発明の一実施例を示すブロック図 であり、駐車場を撮影するTVカメラ11と、TVカメ ラが撮影した駐車場画像の各駐車領域内に予め設定した 判定領域に対して、エッジ抽出処理を行ってエッジ画像 を生成するエッジ抽出部12と、エッジ画像を基に車幅 10 方向の画案を抽出して車幅方向エッジ画像を生成する車 幅方向画素抽出部13と、各判定領域毎に車幅方向のエ ッジ画素数を計数する画素計数部14と、車幅方向のエ ッジ画素数と予め設定した判定基準数とを比較して各駐 車領域内の自動車の有無を判定する判定部15と、駐車 15 場の駐車台数を計数する駐車計数部16とを備えてい

【0008】ここで、エッジ抽出部12は、TVカメラ が撮影した駐車場画像に対して、隣接する画素の輝度の 微分値を算出してエッジを抽出する。このようなエッジ 20 抽出処理は公知である。

【0009】さて、図2 (a) はTVカメラ11が撮影 した駐車場画像の一例を示しており、図2(b)は車幅 方向画素抽出部13が出力する車幅方向エッジ画像の一 例を示している。ところで、自動車が駐車領域に駐車し 25 た場合、駐車している自動車の少なくとも前部または後 部を撮影できるので、駐車場画像から抽出した車幅方向 のエッジ画素を使用して自動車の有無判定できる。更 に、判定領域を設定するときに、駐車領域内の汚れや亀 裂等を避けることにより、汚れや亀裂等の不要な画像が 30 エッジとして抽出されるのを回避できるので、判定精度 を向上できる。

【0010】このようにして、エッジ画像を基に車幅方 向の画素を抽出し、各判定領域毎に車幅方向のエッジ画 素数を計数し、この車幅方向のエッジ画素数が判定基準 35 数を超える場合に駐車領域内に自動車が駐車していると 判定することにより、天候等の影響を受けることなく正 確に駐車台数を計数できる。

[0011]

【発明の効果】以上説明したように本発明によれば、T 40 Vカメラが撮影した駐車場画像の各駐車領域内に予め設 定した判定領域に対してエッジ抽出処理を行ってエッジ 画像を生成し、このエッジ画像を基に車幅方向のエッジ 画素を抽出し、各判定領域毎に車幅方向のエッジ画素数 を計数し、この車幅方向のエッジ画素数により各駐車領 45 域内の自動車の有無を判定することにより、従来のよう に、画像の輝度により判定をしないので、天候変化や自 動車の色等による判定ミスが低減し、駐車台数を正確に 計数できるという効果を有している。

【図面の簡単な説明】

【図1】本発明の一実施例を示すプロック図である。

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【図2】本実施例の動作を説明するための画像の一例であり、(a)はTVカメラが撮影した駐車場画像の一例を示し、(b)は車幅方向のエッジ画像の一例を示している。

【図3】従来の駐車台数計数装置の一例を示すブロック 図である。

【符号の説明】

11 TVカメラ

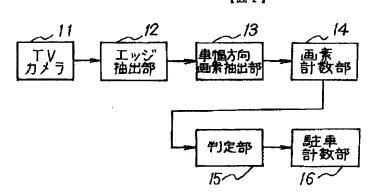
12 エッジ抽出部

13 車幅方向画素抽出部

05 1 4 画案計数部

15 判定部

【図1】



[図3]

